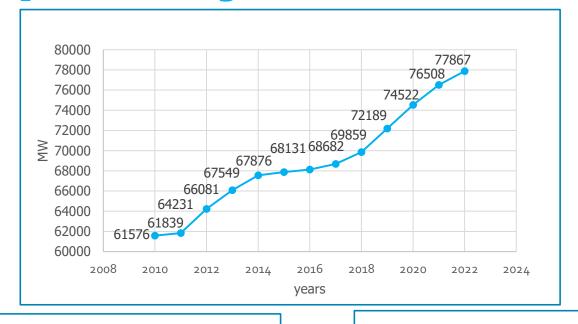
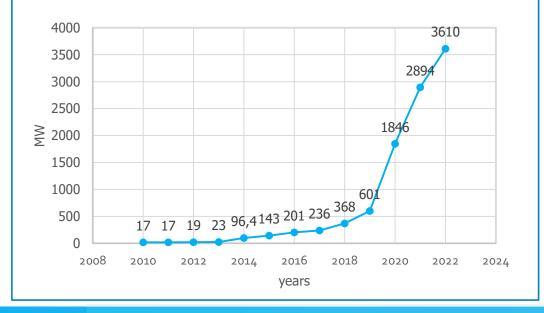


RES development dynamics in CIS Countries

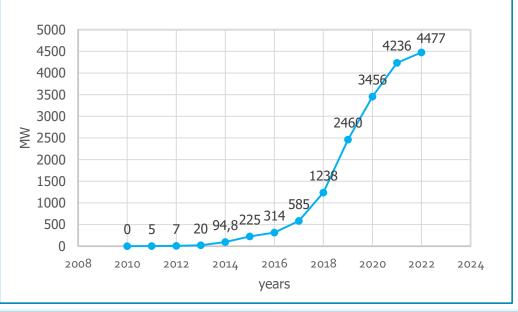
Solar + Wind + Hydro







Wind



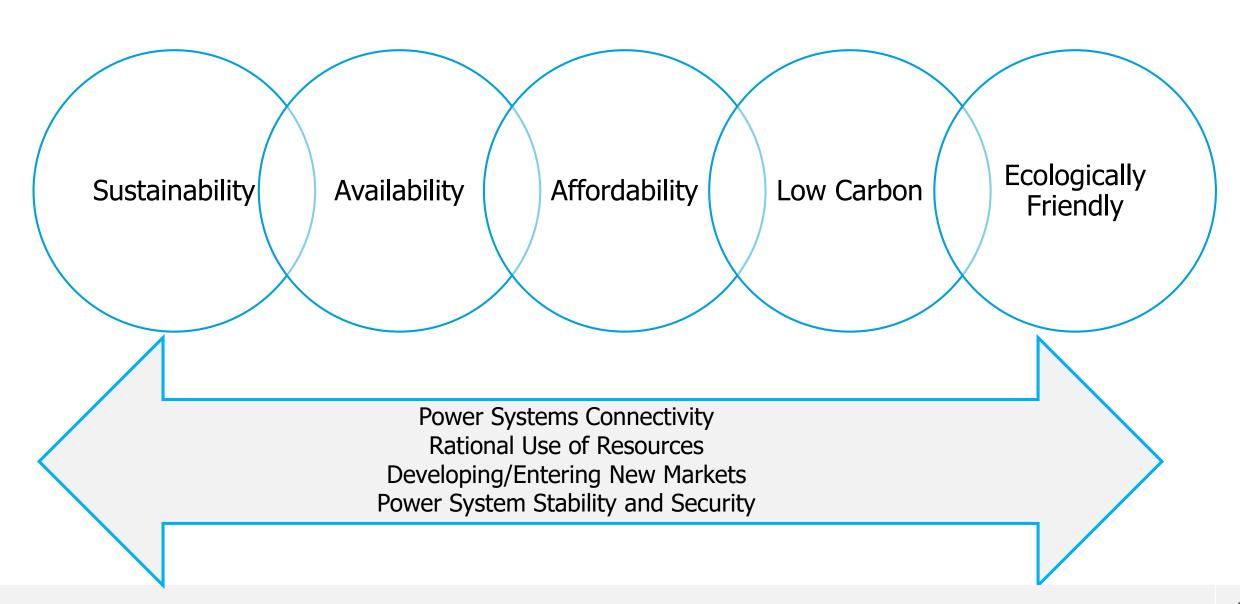
RES support Regulatory Tools: overview

	epublic of zerbaijan	epublic of Armenia	olic of rus	Republic of Kazakhstan	Kyrgyz Republic	blic of dova	Russian Federation	Republic of Tajikistan	Turkmenistan	blic of xistan	
	Republic Azerbaij	Republic Armeni	Republic Belarus	Republic Kazakhst	Ky. Rep	Republic Moldov	Rus Fedei	Repu Tajil	Turkn	Republic Uzbekista	
Regulatory Policy											
Renewable Energy Goals / Obligations	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	
Grid connection guarantee	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	
Discounted rates	X	X	X	X	X	X	X**		X		
Electricity purchase grids mandatory quotas		X	X			X	X*				
Net metering	X	X	X		X	X	X				
Tenders	X	X	X	X	X	X	X			X	
Green Certificates			X		X	X	X	X		X	
Tax incentives and government funding											
CAPEX discounts			X				X		X	X	
Investment discounts			X	X	X			X	X	X	
Payment for energy generation	X	X	X	X	X		X	X	X	X	
Public investment, loans or grants	X	X	X	X	X	X		X	X	X	

^{*} It provides for the obligation of electric grid organizations in retail markets to primarily purchase electricity produced on the basis of the use of renewable energy sources to compensate for losses.

^{**} Guaranteed payments for the capacity of renewable energy facilities.

Energy Policy Targets & Context



Integrating Variable Renewable Energy: Challenges/Governments support tools

- Integration Challenges
 - Advanced Forecasting
 - Fast Dispatch and Larger Balancing Authority Areas
 - Reserves Management
 - RES generation operation requirements
 - Flexible Generation Sources
 - Market Design—Flexibility Markets
- Challenges Variable Renewable Energy Poses to the Grid
 - Need for grid modernization and transnational power system connectivity reinforcement
- Impacts to Fossil-Fueled Generators
 - Extra costs of cycling, increased damage, decreased efficiency, increased fuel use, increased emissions

Commission on Operational and Technological Coordination of the CIS and Baltic Power Systems joint operation(COTC)

Digital Transformation WG

Formation of a common Electric Power Market WG

Low-Carbon Development WG

Technological issues of reliability & safe operation of equipment WG (Electric Power Quality Section)

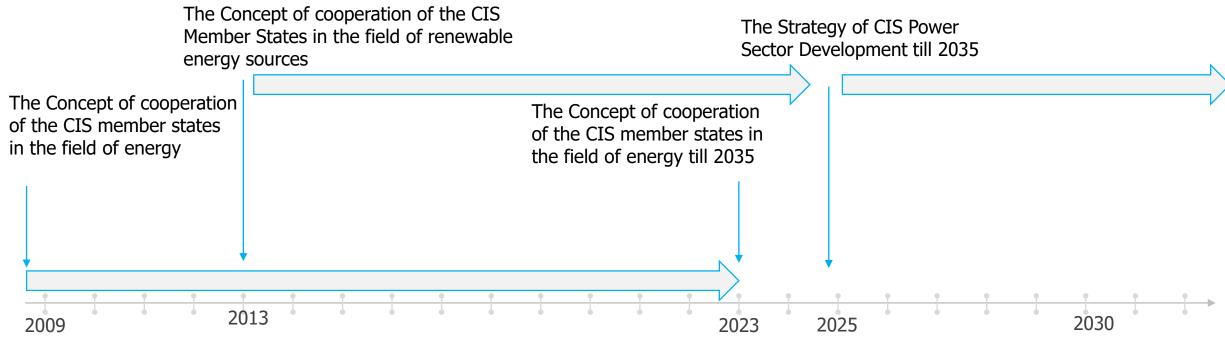
Digital Transformation WG

HR development WG



CIS EPC EC Strategic Sessions & Regulatory Decision Making Support CIS EPC EC Analytical Papers, Reviews and Recommendations

CIS Regulatory Frame on Renewable Energy (Low-Carbon Development)



PRIORITIES IN RENEWABLE ENERGY (Low-Carbon Development):

- ✓ improving the reliability and quality of energy supply to consumers, taking into account the principle of economic efficiency
- ✓ exchange of experience in the use of renewable energy resources and creation of conditions for the production of appropriate equipment and the development of export supplies in compliance with the obligations assumed by the CIS member States and taking into account economic feasibility
- ✓ creating conditions for the development of small hydropower in the CIS member states
- ✓ exchange of experience in the field of formation of mechanisms to increase the investment attractiveness of renewable energy sources
- ✓ consideration of the issue of introduction of certificates of origin of electric energy

Low-Carbon Development Context: plans Challenges/Governments support tools

Studies initiatives:

Technological neutrality as the basis for low-carbon energy development.

Assessment of the need to develop regional interstate and backbone electrical connections in Central Asia in connection with the increase in the share of renewable energy sources in the energy balances of the region's energy.

Assessment of the prospects for the coal industry in the framework of the energy transition.





CIS Low-Carbon Development Regulatory Roadmap (areas):

- Emissions Trading Systems ETS.
- 2. Voluntary Carbon Markets.
- 3. Electricity origin certificates markets.
- 4. Validation, verification, accounting and reporting.